



# *Overview of the Western Port Environment Research Program*

*Rhys Coleman  
Waterways and Wetlands Research Manager  
Melbourne Water*

# Understanding the Western Port Environment 2018

MELBOURNEWATER 2018

## Understanding the Western Port Environment 2018

A summary of research findings from the Western Port Environment Research Program 2011-2017 and priorities for future research



# Western Port

Catchment area 3,365 km<sup>2</sup>,  
2,232 km rivers & creeks

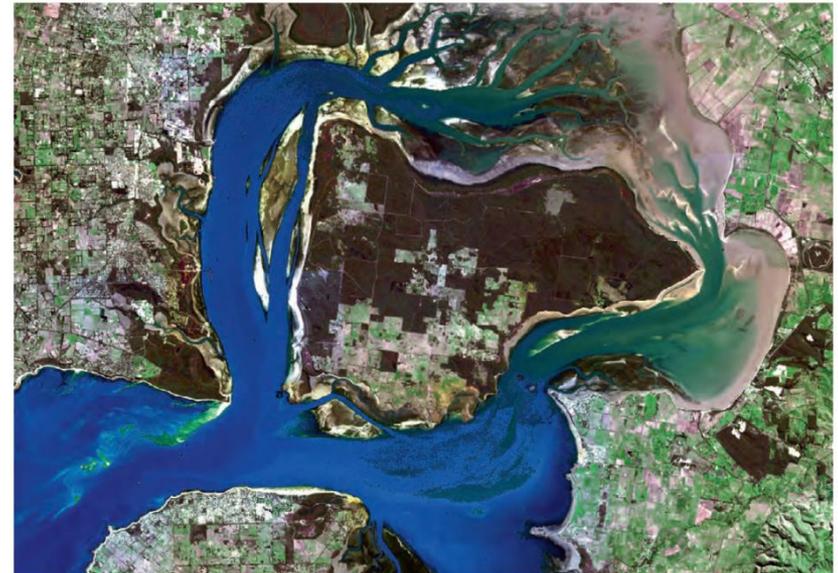
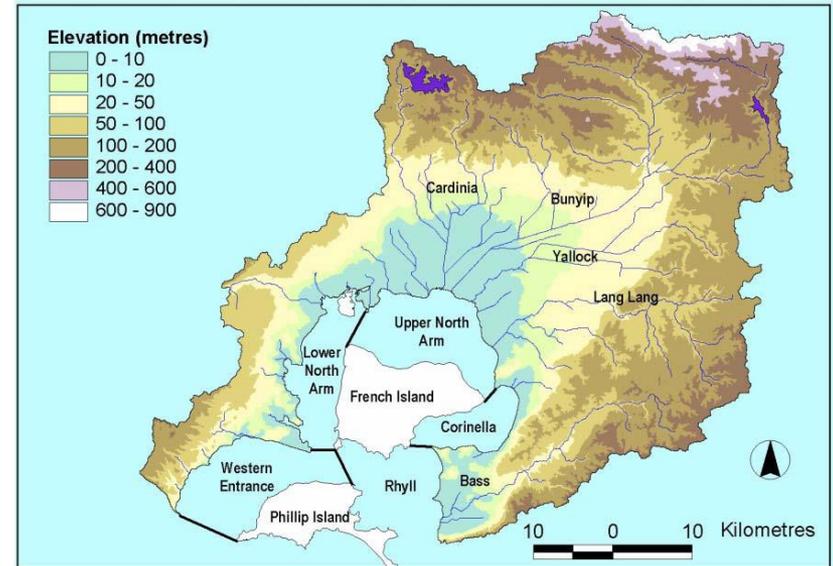
Catchment Land use  
6% Urban  
69% Agricultural  
25% Forest

680 km<sup>2</sup> bay area

Extensive seagrass beds in north &  
south east

40% bay exposed as mudflats during  
low tide

30% of water volume is exchanged  
with each tidal cycle



# Historical Changes

Substantial changes to the waterways and catchments over past 200 years e.g.

- Draining Koo Wee Rup Swamp (formerly 400km<sup>2</sup>) 1857-1930s
- Previously few streams flowing to north, now many artificial channels
- Extensive catchment vegetation clearing
- Dams and diversions e.g. Tarago and Cardinia Reservoirs, Bunyip Diversion
- Progressive urban growth



# Management Issues

Seagrass loss of ~50-70% mid-1970s-80s, some recovery since

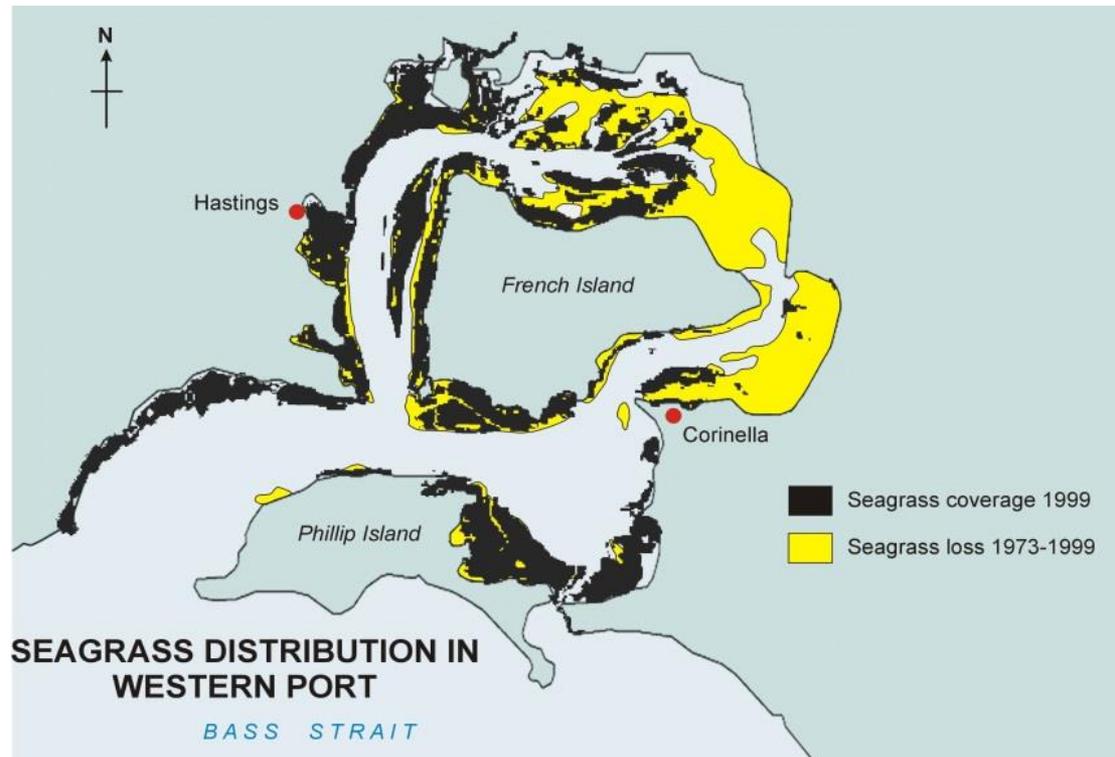
Reduction in mangrove and saltmarsh coverage

Declining fish stocks

Decline in waterbirds species

Pest plants and animals e.g. *Spartina*

High nutrients from intensive agriculture e.g. Watsons Creek catchment



# Supports Important Ecological Values



**Ramsar**  
**Waterbirds**



**3 Marine**  
**national parks**

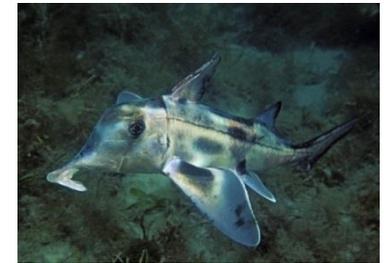
**Seagrass**



**Saltmarsh**



**Mangroves**



**Fish**

**Invertebrates**



**Rocky reefs**

# Future Challenges



## Western Port

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS  
STATEMENT

SEPTEMBER 2018



### POPULATION GROWTH

**250,000** NOW (2018)  
**500,000** BY 2040



**100%**  
INCREASE

### THE REGION

- URBAN AREAS 6%
- FORESTED 25%
- AGRICULTURE 69%

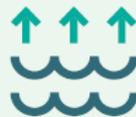


**3** MARINE  
NATIONAL  
PARKS



**MORE THAN**  
**15,000**

MIGRATORY BIRDS VISIT  
RAMSAR-LISTED WESTERN PORT



**SEA LEVEL**  
RISE BY  
**1m**  
IN THE NEXT  
80 YEARS



**TEMPERATURE**  
AN INCREASE OF  
**1.3°C**  
BY 2040

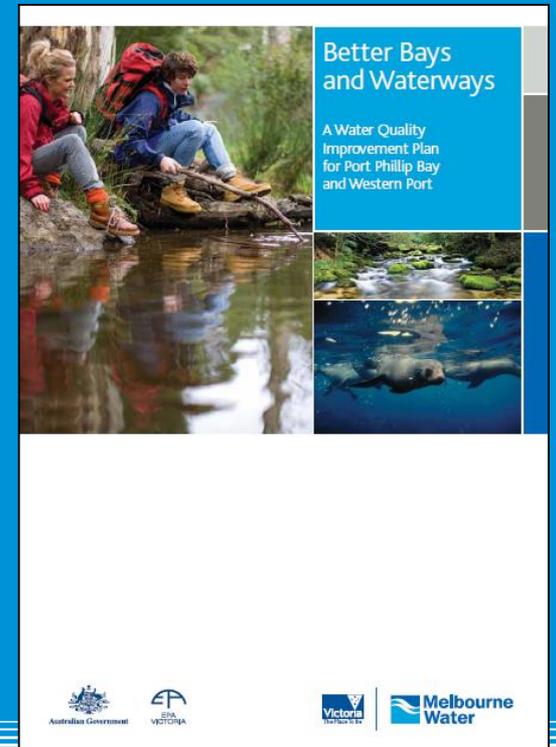
**WATERWAYS**  
**2,232 KM**

Source: Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning  
Healthy Waterways Strategy 2013/14–2017/18, Melbourne Water  
Victoria in Future 2016  
Understanding the Western Port Environment 2011, Melbourne Water

Lack of research since 1970s

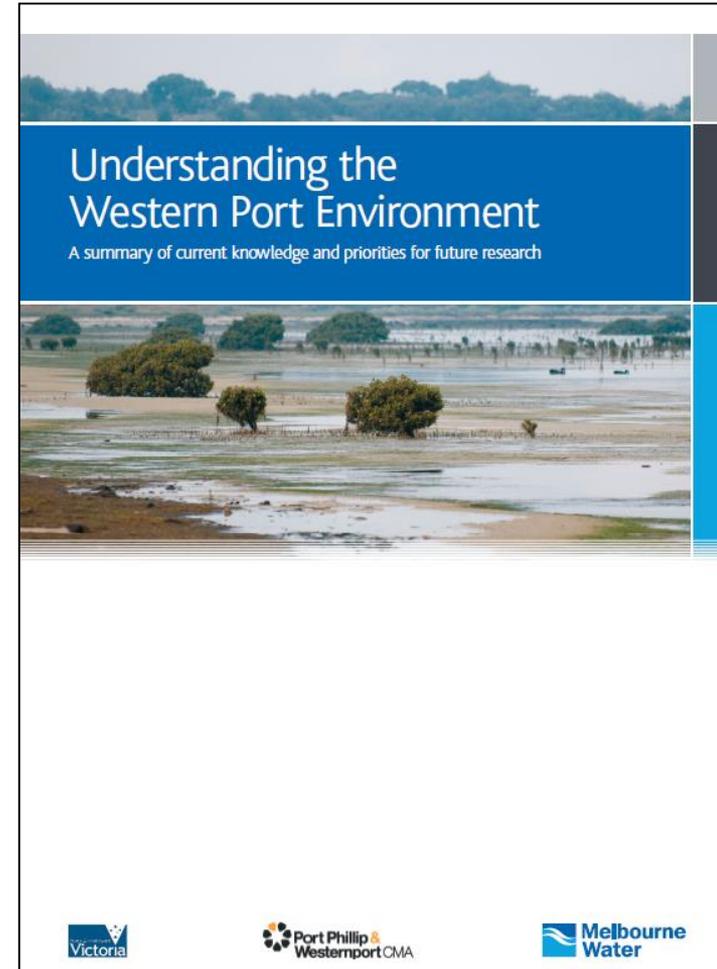
Lack of consolidated information about key values, threats and management priorities

Need for Strategic Understanding of Western Port Environment  
(*Better Bays & Waterways 2009*)



# Western Port Environment Science Review

- What's important about the environment?
- What are the major threats?
- Do we know enough to protect it?
- What are the strategic research gaps?



# Western Port Environment Science Review

Project led by Melbourne Water

Funding and support from DSE (DELWP) and P&WP CMA

9 government agencies, 11 researchers (Prof. Michael Keough UoM)

Broader stakeholder input e.g. WPCC

Review released in March 2012

Research program commenced in 2011 and ongoing



# Western Port Environment Research Program

- All very high priority research projects now completed or well underway
- Information published on Melbourne Water's website:

[www.melbournewater.com.au](http://www.melbournewater.com.au)

- science review
- project summaries
- publications

- 4 public seminars

The screenshot shows the Melbourne Water website. At the top right, there is a navigation menu with links for 'About', 'Careers', 'Contact', and a search icon. A blue box displays 'Water storage levels' at '58.6%' with a red downward arrow and '-1,715 ML'. Below the navigation is a breadcrumb trail: 'Home > Community and education > About our water > Rivers and creeks > Western Port environment research'. The main content area features a sidebar on the left with 'Community and education' as the main heading, followed by 'About our water' and a list of sub-topics: 'Natural and urban water cycle', 'Water supply', 'Water storage reservoirs', 'Sewerage', and 'Recycled water'. The 'Rivers and creeks' section is currently selected and underlined. The main heading is 'Western Port environment research'. The text below reads: 'We're undertaking a range of strategic research projects, in partnership with other Victorian government agencies and leading environmental scientists, to improve our knowledge of Western Port marine and coastal environment. These projects will help us protect and improve its health into the future.' At the bottom, there is a document icon and the title 'Understanding the Western Port Environment 2018'.

# Collaborators

Substantial co-funding/in-kind resources from other organisations:

## **Partner Organisations**

DELWP  
DEDJTR  
EPA Victoria  
Parks Victoria  
Port Phillip and Westernport CMA  
Central Coastal Board  
The Nature Conservancy  
Western Port Seagrass Partnership

## **Research Organisations**

Arthur Rylah Institute  
CSIRO  
Deakin University  
Eco Insights  
eCoast  
Federation University  
Hydronumerics  
Monash University  
Museum of Victoria  
Phillip Island Nature Parks  
Riverbend Ecological Services  
Southern Cross University  
The University of Melbourne  
University of Tasmania  
Victoria University

# Initial Focus of Research

Physical processes

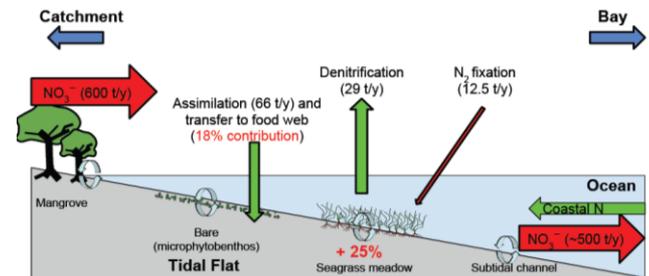
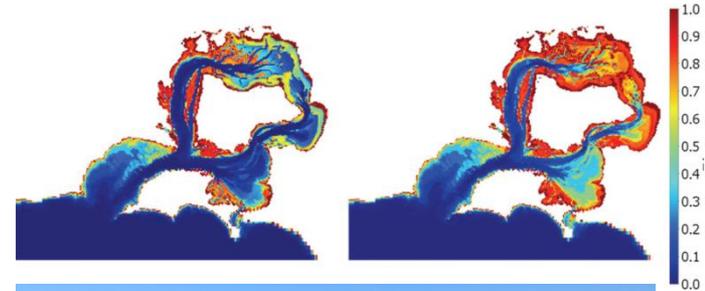
Nutrients and sediments

Seagrass, mangroves, saltmarshes

Iconic species - waterbirds, fish

Toxicants

Invasive weeds



# Examples of how research supports waterway management

General resource to support informed decision making

Priority issues/opportunities for major strategies and plans e.g. Healthy Waterways Strategy

New SEPP sediment loads/concentration targets

Catchment planning tool to identify sediment management priorities

Ongoing mangrove planting programs e.g. WPSP

Environmental flow objectives for Australian grayling

'State of the Bays' reporting



**Victoria Government Gazette**

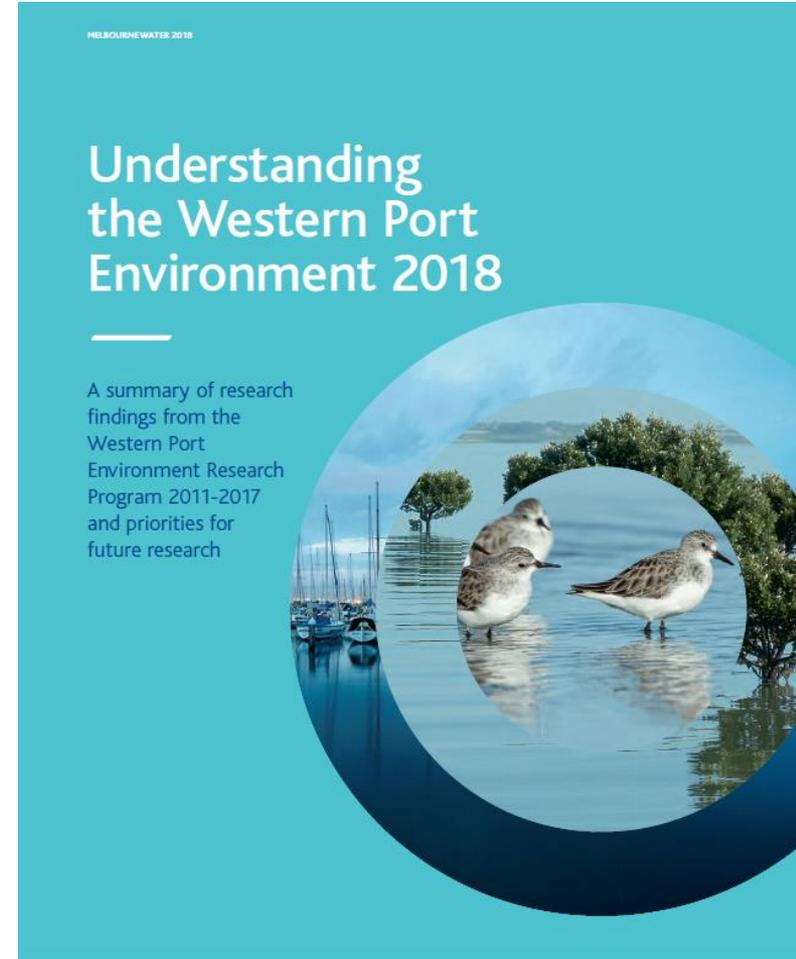
No. S 493 Friday 19 October 2018  
By Authority of Victorian Government Printer

Environment Protection Act 1970  
STATE ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION POLICY (WATERS)



# Understanding the Western Port Environment 2018

- Summary of research findings since 2011
- Threats and opportunities for management
- Significantly increased our knowledge
- Updated research priorities



# Agenda

<b>REGISTRATION tea/coffee</b>		<b>9.00 - 9.15 am</b>
<b>Welcome to Country</b>	Uncle Shane Clarke Bunurong Traditional Owner	9.15 - 9.25
<b>Overview of Western Port Environment Research Program</b>	Rhys Coleman Melbourne Water	9.25 - 9.40
<b>Sediments and seagrass</b>	Scott Wilkinson, CSIRO	9.40 - 10.00
<b>Seagrass, light, nutrients and genetics</b>	Craig Sherman, Deakin University	10.00 - 10.20
<b>Modelling sediments for seagrass restoration</b>	Kath Cinque Melbourne Water	10.20 - 10.40
<b>MORNING TEA</b>		10.40 - 11.10
<b>Toxicants – identification and management</b>	Jackie Myers, RMIT	11.10 - 11.30
<b>Birds – population trends and conservation</b>	Richard Loyn, Eco Insights	11.30 - 11.50
<b>Fish – recreational fish population trends, drivers and habitats</b>	Greg Jenkins University of Melbourne	11.50 - 12.10
<b>Grayling – Migratory life cycle</b>	Wayne Koster, Arthur Rylah Institute	12.10 - 12.30 pm
<b>LUNCH</b>		12.30 - 1.20
<b>Mangroves and saltmarsh</b>	Thomas Hurst Melbourne Water	1.20 - 1.40
<b>Mangrove and seagrass research at Deakin University</b>	Peter Macreadie Deakin University	1.40 - 2.00
<b>WRAP UP</b>	Rhys Coleman	2.00 - 2.05

[www.melbournewater.com.au](http://www.melbournewater.com.au)



# Research Complete or Underway

Project	No.	Priority	Funded by	Led by	Status	Publications
Physical processes						
Detailed and up-to-date bathymetry for Western Port	R.1	1	DELWP	DELWP	Complete	DELWP 2017
Calibrate hydrodynamic models for more accurate water movement	R.2	1	DELWP/ CMA/EPA	Hydronumerics	Complete	Hydronumerics (in prep)
Atmospheric inputs into Western Port	R.8	2	MW/EPA/ CSIRO	EPA/CSIRO	Complete	EPA/CSIRO 2013
Identify contribution of waves to sea-level changes in Western Port	R.9	2	MW/DELWP	Water Technology	Complete	Water Technology 2014
Determine the contribution of storm tide sea levels to waterway flooding (when accompanied by high rainfall)	R.10	2	MW/DELWP	Water Technology	Complete	Water Technology 2014, 2015
Incorporate shoreline erosion into climate change predictions	R.11	2	MW/DELWP	Water Technology	Complete	Water Technology 2013
Nutrients and sediments						
Measure residence time of sediments entering the bay	R.4	2	MW/CSIRO	CSIRO	Complete	Wilkinson et al. 2016
Contribution of coastal erosion to nutrient and sediment budgets	R.6	1	MW	CSIRO	Complete	Tomkins et al. 2014 Wilkinson et al. 2016
Develop a preliminary nitrogen and phosphorus budget	R.12	1	MW	Monash University	Complete	Evrard et al. 2013 Wilkinson et al. 2016
Measure nutrient cycling in major habitats	R.13	1	MW	Monash University	Complete	Evrard et al. 2013; Russell et al. 2016
Build a process-based biogeochemical model	R.14	2	MW	MW/ Hydronumerics	Complete for hydrodynamics and sediments	Yeates and Okely 2016

# Research Complete or Underway

Seagrasses, mangroves and saltmarshes						
Assess the degree of nutrient and light limitation of seagrass, benthic microalgae, macroalgae and phytoplankton	R.15	1-3	MW/EPA/PV	Monash University	Underway (seagrass only)	Russell et al. 2016 Manassa et al. 2017
Determine water quality targets for sediments and nutrients that support seagrasses, benthic microalgae, reef algae, saltmarshes and mangroves	R.16	1-3	MW/EPA/PV	Monash University	Underway (seagrass only)	Holland et al. 2013
Confirmation of seagrass species using genetic markers	R.19	1	MW/DELWP/CMA	Deakin University	Complete	Keough and Sherman unpublished
Estimate extent of invasion of key habitats	R.22	2	MW	Victoria University	Tall wheat grass in saltmarsh only	Hurst and Boon 2016
Characterise importance of saltmarshes and mangroves for biodiversity	R.24	3	Deakin	Deakin University	Complete for invertebrates in mangroves	Monk 2012
Use historical aerial photographs and ground-truthing to quantify historical and current distribution of mangroves and saltmarsh vegetation	R.25	2	MW/TNC	Deakin University	Underway	
Capacity for <i>Zostera</i> to recover and colonise new areas	R.26	1	MW/EPA/PV	Monash University	Underway	
Identify determinants of saltmarsh and mangrove recovery and seedling establishment	R.27	2	MW	Deakin University	Underway (mangroves only)	Hurst 2013; Hurst et al. 2015; Hurst et al. (in press)
Relationships between sea levels, sedimentation/erosion rates and vascular plant communities	R.29	2	MW/TNC	Deakin University	Underway	

# Research Complete or Underway

Iconic species						
Determine linkages between fish and habitats	R.28	1	MW/DELWP/ CMA	Melbourne University	Complete	Jenkins et al. 2013; Jenkins et al. 2015
Investigate marine and estuarine requirements of the listed Australian grayling	R.32	3	MW	ARI	Underway	
Determine relative significance of shorebird and waterbird intertidal feeding areas	R.34	2	CCB	ARI	Complete	Hansen et al. 2011
Examine the trends of fish-eating birds in Western Port and Corner Inlet	R.35	1	MW/DELWP/ CMA	ARI	Complete	Menkhorst et al. 2015
Determine the effects of recreational fishing on fish stocks	R.39	1	MW/DEDJTR	Melbourne University/ DEDJTR	Complete	Jenkins and Conron 2015
Effects of sea level rise on shore birds	R.42	2	CCB	ARI	Complete	Hansen et al. 2011
Toxicants						
Initial estimate of risk from toxicants	R.36	1	MW/DELWP/ CMA	Melbourne University	Complete	Sharp et al. 2013
Impacts of toxicants on vegetation	R.37	2-3	MW	Melbourne University	Underway (mangroves and seagrass only)	Myers et al. (2015)
Investigate climate change and toxicant effects on fish	R.38	2	MW	Melbourne University	Underway (toxicants only)	Hassell et al. (2016)